

PARENTAL CONTROL: Apple iOS 7 Guided Access Mode

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What is Guided Access mode?

Guided access mode is separate to restriction settings and is targeted at parents who lend their device to small children to allow them to use a specific app, such as a game.

This mode locks the device into a specific app, disabling hardware buttons, and specified software buttons. This allows the child to use the specified app without fear of them exiting the app and accessing inappropriate material on the device, or inadvertently changing settings. The app can only be exited either by entering a passcode, or by performing a forced reboot on the device.

How do I enable Guided Access mode?

1. Settings > General > Accessibility > Guided Access
2. From the device's home screen, tap the Settings icon.
3. From the settings menu, tap the General tab.
4. Tap Accessibility from within the General tab.
5. Tap Guided Access.
6. Toggle the Guided Access button to the green position.
7. Tap Set Passcode, and enable a four digit guided access mode passcode.

How do I activate Guided Access mode on an app?

1. Open the app as usual, then once the app has loaded triple press the device's home button.
2. Following the instructions on the screen, select any areas of the app which you wish to disable the functionality for.
3. Tap the Start button to activate guided access mode.

How do I exit Guided Access mode on an app?

1. From within guided access mode, triple tap the home button.
2. Enter your guided access mode passcode.
3. In the guided access window that appears, select the End button.

Alternatively if you forget your passcode you can perform a forced reboot of the device by holding down the home and power buttons simultaneously for 15 seconds.

Where can I find more information about iOS parental controls?

Apple has a support page for Guided Access accessible at <http://support.apple.com/kb/ht5509>, and for Restrictions accessible at <https://support.apple.com/kb/ht4213>.

How do I enable Guided Access mode?

The following screenshots illustrate the steps to enable Guided Access mode on an iPhone:

- Settings App:** The first screenshot shows the 'Settings' app with the 'General' tab selected. The 'Accessibility' option is highlighted with a green circle and the number 1.
- Guided Access Toggle:** The second screenshot shows the 'Guided Access' toggle switch turned on (green) with a green circle and the number 2.
- Set Passcode:** The third screenshot shows the 'Set Passcode' screen where a four-digit passcode is being entered, indicated by a green circle and the number 3.
- Guided Access Window:** The fourth screenshot shows the 'Guided Access' window that appears after triple-clicking the home button. It displays the passcode and the 'End' button, indicated by a green circle and the number 4.



Fact sheet

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What devices are iOS parental controls available on? iOS 7 Parental control features

Parental controls can be enabled on any device running Apple's iOS operating system. This includes iPhones, iPods, and iPads.

What controls do restrictions provide on iOS devices?

Restrictions allow you to control what content is accessible from an iOS device, prevent the removal of existing apps, and prevent the modification of existing settings. Restrictions are protected by a four digit passcode. If the passcode is not known then the only way to disable restrictions is by performing a factory restore on the device, erasing the data stored on the device. The restrictions feature is suited for devices that are primarily used by a minor, for example a child's mobile phone. They are less suited towards shared devices, or parents devices that are only used by children occasionally. For these devices use Guided Access mode - see next page for details.

What restrictions can I place on my child's device?

Apple's iOS software allows parents great flexibility in scripting access on their child's device including restricting app downloads, limiting access to particular websites and restricting the use of some built-in apps.

To ensure that restrictions are set for the correct content make sure 'Ratings for' is set to 'Australia' (See Image B).

Restricting access can be extremely helpful to ensure your child is not exposed to inappropriate content, however keeping open lines of communication with your children around responsible internet usage is essential.

How do I setup parental controls on an iOS device?

1. Settings > General > Restrictions > Enable Restrictions
2. From the devices home screen, tap the Settings icon.
3. From the settings menu, tap the General tab.
4. Tap Restrictions from within the General tab.
5. Tap Enable Restrictions.

You will then be able to enable individual restrictions by toggling pre-installed app access, and by tapping various categories, and choosing the desired restriction level for that category.

< Restrictions Apps

ALLOW APPS RATED

Don't Allow Apps

4+

9+

12+

17+

Allow All Apps

< General Restrictions

ALLOWED CONTENT:

Ratings For Australia >

Music, Podcasts & iTunes U Exp... >

Movies All >

TV Shows All >

Books All >

Apps All >

Siri All >

Websites All >

Require Password 15 minutes >

Settings

Notification Center >

Control Center >

Do Not Disturb >

General >

Sounds >

Wallpapers & Brightness >

Privacy >

iCloud 1 >

< Settings General

Auto-Lock 5 Minutes >

Passcode Lock After 5 Minutes >

Restrictions Off >

Date & Time >

Keyboard >

International >

iTunes Wi-Fi Sync 2

< General Restrictions

Enable Restrictions

ALLOW:

Safari

Camera

FaceTime

iTunes Store

iBooks Store

Installing Apps

3

Enter a Restrictions Passcode

— — — —

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

0

0

4

Note: When restrictions are enabled for apps, and then subsequently disabled your apps may be placed directly onto your home screen and not into folders which you previously had them within.

For more information visit www.thinkuknow.org.au



Fact sheet

MANAGING YOUR REPUTATION

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When you send something digitally, either via your mobile phone or over the internet, you lose control over who sees it and what they do with it. You may never be able to permanently delete the image or text. Before you send something, think about where it might end up.

Do you know who you are sending it to?

You might be tricked into thinking you are communicating with a friend, but can you ever be sure that it is only them holding the phone or looking at the screen?

Do you know what they will do with it?

Even if you are sure who is on the other end, can you really trust them? If your relationship turns sour, can you be sure that they won't use that text or image against you?

Do you want it to be around forever?

Once you have shared something in a digital format, it can easily be distributed to others and posted on the internet. Distribution might start with just your school, but it can quickly spread to your community and beyond. Once you put something on the internet, it can never be permanently deleted. Think about these things before you ever share something digitally.

How will it affect your future?

A future employer, university or sporting organisation might research you online and decide not to give you a position if they find inappropriate images or posts of you.

Sexualised images of you could even end up in the collection of an online sex offender. This might result in law enforcement attempting to identify the victim in this image and this could cause you and your family unnecessary stress and humiliation.

What should you do before it happens to you?

Think twice before communicating or agreeing to share this type of material with someone, especially using technology to do so.

Have you been part of the problem?

By storing or helping to distribute this type of material, you are contributing to this serious issue. Distributing these images maliciously is viewed even more seriously.

What should you do if it has already occurred?

If you have received this type of material, delete it without forwarding it. Tell the person who sent it to you that you are not interested in being a part of this. If you know who the person in the image or communication is, let them know what is going on. They wouldn't want to be the last to know.

If you have created this material, delete it and don't share it. If you have sent it to someone, ask them to delete it and make sure they do.

If someone has created this material of you without your permission, you need to tell a trusted adult and they can assist you in reporting it to law enforcement. This is a serious matter and should not be ignored.

So what does the law say?

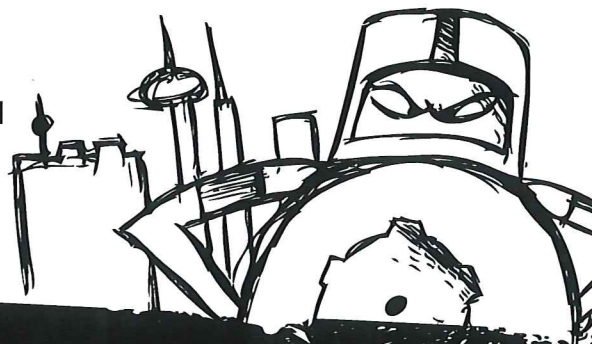
Any images, text or representations of someone under the age of 18 in a sexual pose or engaged in a sexual act is considered child pornography.

Young people in Australia and overseas have been charged under child pornography laws for engaging in this type of behaviour.

You can **NEVER** consent to making child pornography.

For more information visit:
www.thinkuknow.org.au

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